

Next Steps for Integrating Primary Care – Fuller Report

Developing our LSC Delivery Plan

DRAFT Delivery Framework Engagement 3rd October - 17th November 2022

Proud to be part of



Overview



- 1. Next Steps for Integrating Primary Care: Fuller Stocktake Report
 - a) Introduction
 - b) Vision
 - c) Three essential offers
 - d) Recommendations
 - e) Fuller in a nutshell
 - f) Neighbourhoods and Places
 - g) Local context
- 2. LSC ICB Six Step Approach to development of a Delivery Plan
- 3. Developing our LSC Delivery Plan
 - a) Seven themes
 - b) Key deliverables
 - c) Six products
- 4. DRAFT LSC Fuller Delivery Framework an introduction
- 5. Things to note and key feedback to date
- 6. How to feed back

Introduction from Dr Claire Fuller



- For generations, primary care has been at the heart of our communities.
- Health visitors, community and district nurses, GPs, dentists, pharmacists, opticians, and social care workers are among the most recognisable of a multitude of dedicated staff delivering care around the clock in every neighbourhood in the country.
- Every day, more than a million people benefit from the advice and support of primary care professionals.
- This enduring connection to people is what makes primary care so valued by the communities it serves.
- Despite this, there are real signs of genuine and growing discontent with primary care both from the public who use it and the professionals who work within it.
- Teams are stretched beyond capacity, with staff morale at a record low. Left as it is, primary care as we know it will become unsustainable in a relatively short period of time.
- It is against this backdrop that the Chief Executive of the NHS, Amanda Pritchard, asked for Dr Fuller for a ground up, major stocktake to take place.

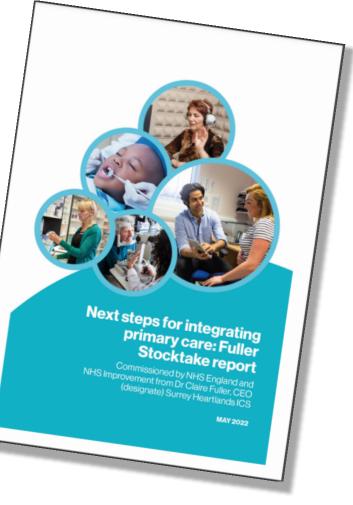


Next Steps for Integrating Primary Care: Fuller Stocktake Report

Lancashire and South Cumbria Integrated Care Board

Sets out a vision for integrating primary care.....improving access, experience and outcomes for our communities

Published May 2022, available in full: <u>https://www.england.nhs.uk/publication/next-steps-for-integrating-primary-care-fuller-stocktake-report/</u>



Fuller: A reminder of the key themes



Three essential offers:

- streamlining access to care and advice for people who get ill but only use health services infrequently: providing them with much more choice about how they access care and ensuring care is always available in their community when they need it
- providing more proactive, personalised care with support from a multidisciplinary team of professionals to people with more complex needs, including, but not limited to, those with multiple long-term conditions
- helping people to stay well for longer as part of a more ambitious and joined-up approach to prevention

Fifteen recommendations – most for ICSs, others for DHSC, NHSE, HEE

Fuller: Recommendations in a nutshell

- Enable all PCNs to evolve into integrated neighbourhood teams
- Work with local people and communities to tackle ill health
- A system wide approach to a single integrated same day urgent care pathway
- Primary care workforce to be an integral part of system and national level strategy
- System leadership to become driver of primary care improvements
- System wide estates plan to support fit-for-purpose buildings
- Improve data flow and embed digital transformation in holistic care
- Create a clear development plan to support primary care sustainability
- Enable legislative, contractual, commissioning and funding frameworks



Neighbourhoods and Places

| Level | Functions | Priorities from the NHS Long-Term Plan |
|---|--|---|
| Neighbourhood (c.30,000 to 50,000 people) | Integrated multi-disciplinary teams Strengthened primary care through primary care networks – working across practices and health and social care Proactive role in population heath and prevention Services (e.g. social prescribing) drawing on resource across community, voluntary and independent sector, as well as other public services (e.g. housing teams). | Integrate primary and community services Implement integrated care models Embed and use population health management approaches Roll out primary care networks with expanded neighbourhood teams Embed primary care network contract and shared savings scheme Appoint named accountable clinical director of each network |
| Place (c.250,000 to 500,000 people) | Typically council/borough level Integration of hospital, council and primary care teams / services Develop new provider models for 'anticipatory' care Models for out-of-hospital care around specialties and for hospital discharge and admission avoidance | Closer working with local government and voluntary sector partners on prevention and health inequalities Primary care network leadership to form part of provider alliances or other collaborative arrangements Implement integrated care models Embed population health management approaches Deliver Long-Term Plan commitments on care delivery and redesign Implement Enhanced Health in Care Homes (EHCH) model |

Local Context



Fuller is big but its only part of the story....

We have a range of work programmes underway such as Population Health Management, Working with People and Communities, Urgent & Emergency Care, Workforce etc which are all about improving access, outcomes and experience for our communities. We know that our Fuller response needs to align with these.

"...whilst we're focussing on the 'what' and the 'how' we mustn't lose sight of the 'why'..."

Everyone is on a journey...

Some areas are well on the way with their journey towards integration, others are just starting out, nowhere is at the end.

"…we are all on a journey… "

We have a lot of really great work going on across LSC already...

A key part of the Fuller work has to be to support sharing and learning from each other, it is that sharing and learning and the relationships we build which will enable everyone to move forwards

"...relationship, relationships, relationships..."

Developing our LSC Fuller Delivery Plan

In July 2022, the ICB Board agreed six step process



- **Step 1:** Defining what 'good' looks like workshop 20th July 2022, 137 participants
- **Step 2:** Setting out the steps to get to 'good' rapid workshops x 7
- **Step 3a:** Develop draft Delivery Framework, Self Assessment Tool and Delivery Planning Tool follow on workshop 22.09.22, 94 participants

todav

- Step 3b: Engagement on draft Delivery Framework . •
- **Step 3c: Engagement** on PCN Neighbourhood Self Assessment and Delivery Planning Tool
- Step 3d: Produce final Delivery Framework, System Delivery Plan, PCN/Neighbourhood Self Assessment Tool and Delivery Planning Tool
- Step 4: PCN/Neighbourhood self assessment (supported) and PCN/Neighbourhood Delivery Plans including support requirements
- Step 5: System and Place delivery support plans
- Step 6: Ongoing delivery oversight and support, including sharing learning and practice

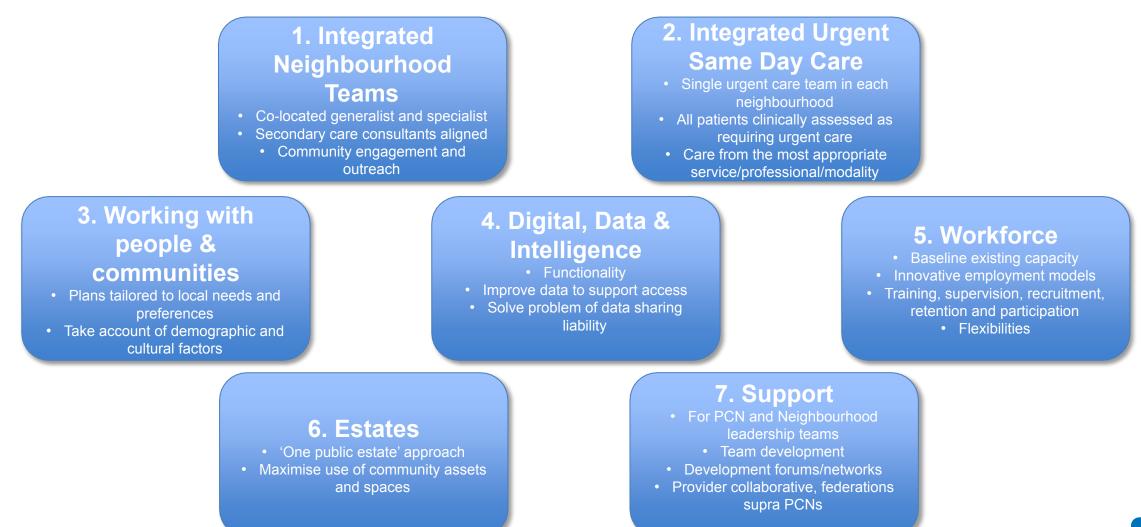


Our Seven Themes

NHS

Lancashire and South Cumbria

We have clustered the Fuller recommendations into seven themes Integrated Care Board



Key Deliverables

South Cumbria Integrated Care Board

| | integrated Care Boa | |
|--|--|--|
| 1. Integrated Neighbourhood Teams | Provide feedback on proposed INT prioritisation and build approach Contribute to effective INT and MDT guide PCNs/Neighbourhoods will be asked to identify their proposed INT build sequences (including the supporting population health analysis) | |
| 2. Integrated Urgent Same Day Care | Develop an outline Urgent Same Day Care Vision and Approach which includes the formation of USDC Teams. Develop an outline sustainable and resilient integrated Urgent Same Day Care Model across LSC for 24/7 out of hospital urgent care provision. Ensure all services are collated across LSC and shared across respective places to support clear care navigation of patients and share learning | |
| 3. Working with people & communities | Undertake a review to consider where your partnership is up to in terms of listening to and building relationships with communities, and in particular those communities who face the greatest health inequalities. Have worked with the defined population to understand barriers, develop co-produced solutions and built a strong working relationship with this community Continue to refine and improve learning how to listen, learning new ways of connecting with communities, strengthening the voice of those facing the greatest barriers to accessing healthcare and using learning to shape services | |
| 4. Digital, Data & Intelligence | Working in partnership with local authorities (in particular public health and housing teams), local communities and other local system partners, to pool information and population health data Digitally enabled personalised care and support planning implemented across multiple settings of care to be shared across systems and settings. Commonality of read and write access across system partners. | |
| 5. Workforce | Co-design and put in place the appropriate infrastructure and support for all neighbourhood teams, across their functions including workforce plans and models Ensure there is a consistent and comprehensive training, supervision and development offer Co-design a set of measures to support neighbourhoods in knowing when a confident and skilled workforce is being achieved. | |
| 6. Estates | Undertake a review of current estate utilisation in order to highlight any underutilised capacity within local systems in order to quickly resolve short / medium term capacity issues. Ensure that all stakeholders with the NHS are adequately engaged in the system estate management and review process and that the NHS engages with in an effective manner with other stakeholders across the system – any public body, Councils, Voluntary Sector, Charities etc Support the PCN and Place Neighbourhood to use and develop Strategic Plans and an ongoing process | |
| 7. Support | Create a collaborative culture amongst partners across the system through stakeholder engagement, opportunities for shared learning and shared organisational and team development. Ensure the support and collaboration of key local leaders in improving access, experience and outcomes for patients and communities by building relationships with existing local groups and embedding primary care leadership from all four pillars across the System Support PCNs/Neighbourhoods to establish appropriate governance to underpin collaborative work with other providers within Neighbourhoods, across Place and as part of the wider System | |

Six Products

South Cumbria Our six step process will lead to the development of six products *Our focus* to support delivery of Fuller in LSC

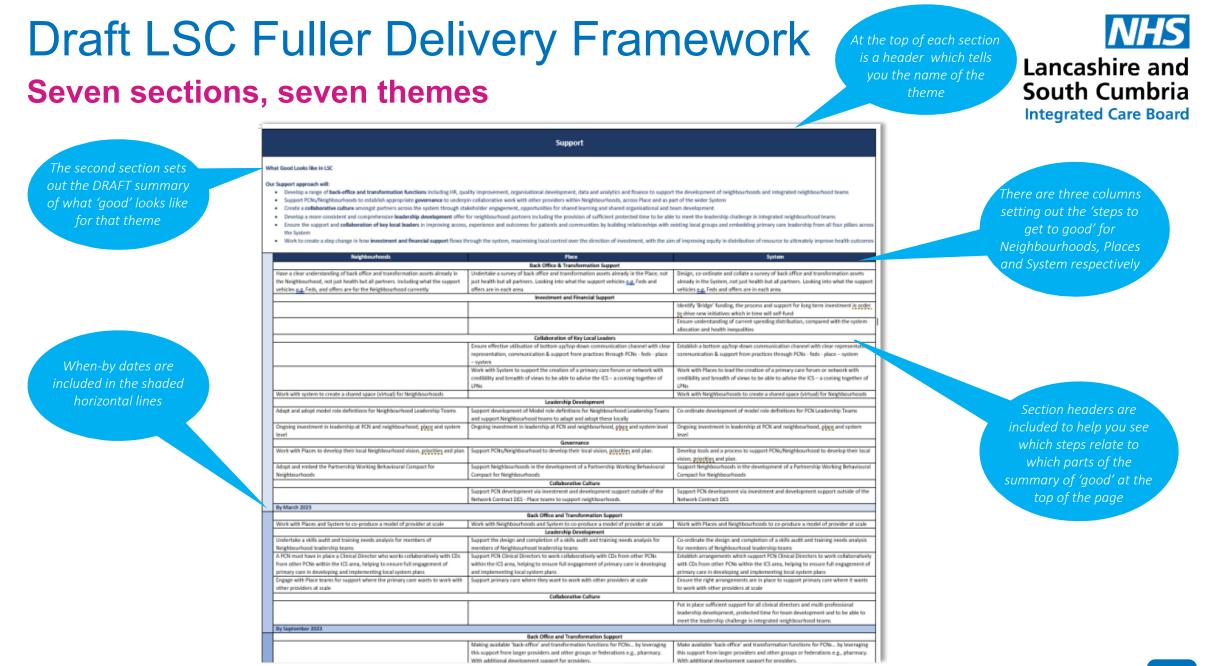
- **Delivery Framework** an overarching document which sets out what 'good' looks like and the steps needed to get to 'good' for Neighbourhoods, Places and System
- Compendium of good practice examples from across Lancashire and South Cumbria and nationally
- System Delivery Plan setting out the key actions at system level to support delivery of Fuller in LSC
- PCN/Neighbourhood Self Assessment Tool supporting PCNs and Neighbourhoods to understand where they are on their development journey and the next steps
- PCN/Neighbourhood Annual Planning Template supporting PCNs and Neighbourhoods to plan the next steps on their development journey and identify the support they will need to progress
- System and Place Delivery Support Plans drawing on the PCN and Neighbourhood Annual Plans, setting out the support for PCNs and Neighbourhoods on their Fuller development journey



Lancashire and

today





A copy of the DRAFT Delivery Framework has been shared with these slides. If you have not received a copy please email Emma. Bracewell4@nhs.net

Things to note



- The six products will be live documents that will continue to develop as we progress on our integration journey for Neighbourhoods in LSC, building on previous work as well as starting some new work
- There are language issues with the Delivery Framework currently and further work will be needed to address these – your suggestions will be welcomed
- ➢ We will also need to do a 'read across' between the frameworks from the seven groups, to consider interdependencies and alignment of timelines again, your suggestion will be welcomed
- We are committed to honouring all feedback received and will use your comments to help further shape all of the products
- Rapid task groups will work on issues raised so far including: Definitions e.g. MDT, INT, PCN, Neighbourhood; footprints e.g. PCN : Neighbourhood; overarching principles; delivery oversight arrangements; risks and issues

Key Feedback to date

- Fuller is a good example of how partners need to work together across system, places and neighbourhoods.
- Delivery needs to be resourced.
- We need to understand our current investment, workforce and delivery, across health and care
- Informs a longer term view about response to key challenges e.g. workforce, and investment (including an approach to allocation)
- Needs to be responsive to local population and communities
- Build on national and local examples of good practice
- Develop an outcomes framework

How to feed back



Please share your feedback on the DRAFT Delivery Framework using the survey link below

https://forms.office.com/r/i2DcfU8c3k



Proud to be part of



Web lancashireandsouthcumbria.icb.nhs.uk | Facebook @LSCICB | Twitter @LSCICB